Preparing Images for EMU Ingestion at NYBG: A Guide to Adding Required Metadata in Lightroom Classic (LrC)

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Getting Started with Lightroom Classic (LrC)

This guide is intended as a "quick start" guide for using Lightroom Classic (LrC) to add metadata to field photos prior to EMu ingestion at NYBG. All field photos (and SEMs/Micrographs) must adhere to the required metadata standards.

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Photograph of lichen taken in the field in Great Smoky Mountains National Park
Image by James Lendemer created as part of NSF Dimensions of Biodiversity Awards #1542629 and #1542639.

Lightroom Classic vs. Lightroom

Adobe offers 2 Lightroom products: Lightroom Classic (LrC) is desktop only; Lightroom (or Lightroom CC, Lightroom Ecosystem) is cloud based.

You must use Lightroom Classic to populate the required metadata for import to EMu.

Viewing and adding metadata



You need this feature to add required metadata for import into EMu

Feature	Lightroom Classic	Lightroom Ecosystem
View EXIF/IPTC metadata	Yes	Yes
Star ratings	Yes	Yes
Flags	Yes	Yes
Color labels	Yes	No
Title, Caption	Yes	Yes
Copyright	Yes	Yes
Edit capture time	Yes	Yes
Add other IPTC metadata	Yes	No
Keywords	Yes	Yes
View GPS	Yes	Yes (desktop only)
Add GPS	Yes	No
Face recognition	Yes	Yes
Write metadata to files	Yes	Yes, only when saving a cop

LrC Tutorials for Beginners

If you have never used Lightroom, this 5 minute video will introduce you to the basics of Lightroom and its various modules:

Get to Know the Layout of Lightroom Classic

In addition to the video above, Adobe offers an excellent collection of videos and guides you may find useful:

https://helpx.adobe.com/lightroom-classic/tutorials.html



SEM of Sticta Muscavitch 534

Photograph by the Southern Appalachian Lichens Dimensions Team for NSF Dimensions of Biodiversity Awards #1542629 and #1542639. Courtesy of the C. V. Starr Virtual Herbarium of The New York Botanical Garden (http://sweetgum.nybg.org/science/vh/).

NYBG's Field Photo Metadata Template

The Field Photo Metadata template is specifically designed for capturing metadata required and recommended for ingesting field photographs into EMu at NYBG. The template organizes and arranges the relevant metadata fields for efficient data capture, and it hides any fields that are not relevant for field photos. To use the template, you must add the template file to your Lightroom User Directory (instructions on following slides).

To access the file:

NYBG Users: The file can be accessed on the Pub drive:

"X:\Pub\Herbarium\Digital_asset_management\Field_photos\Lightroom_templates\Field_Photo_Metadata_Template. Irtemplate"

All other users: Request file from Herbarium Digital Asset Manager (lfeder@nybg.org)

Step 1: Open the Lightroom User Directory:

COPY/PASTE the following into your Microsoft Windows Explorer address bar, making sure to replace "UserName" with your username. If you are accessing lightroom from an NYBG computer this will be your NYBG username.

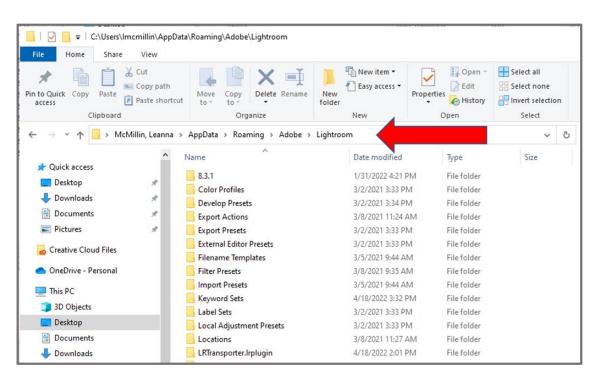
"C:\Users\UserName\AppData\Roaming\Adobe\Lightroom"

Example:

C:\Users\Imcmillin\AppData\Roaming\Adobe\Lightroom

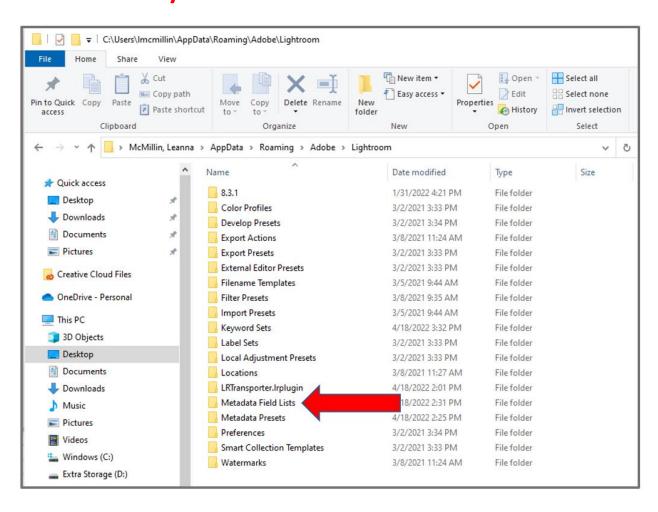
For Mac, COPY/PASTE the following:

Mac: ~/Library/Application Support/Adobe/Lightroom

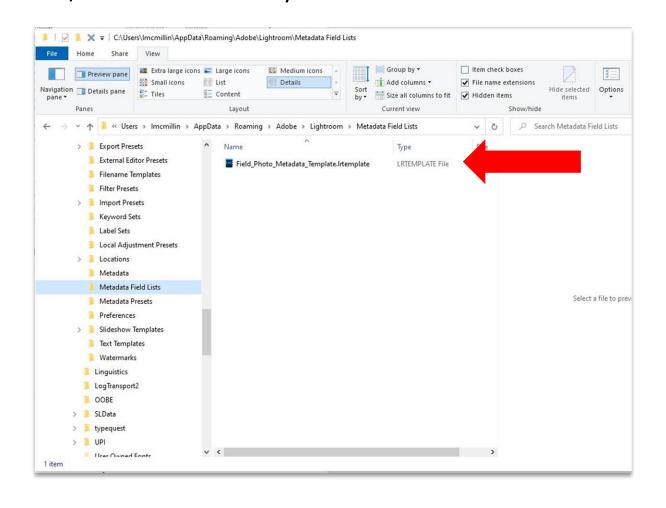


Step 2: Create a new folder and label it "Metadata Field Lists"

It is critical that you label the folder with this exact name.



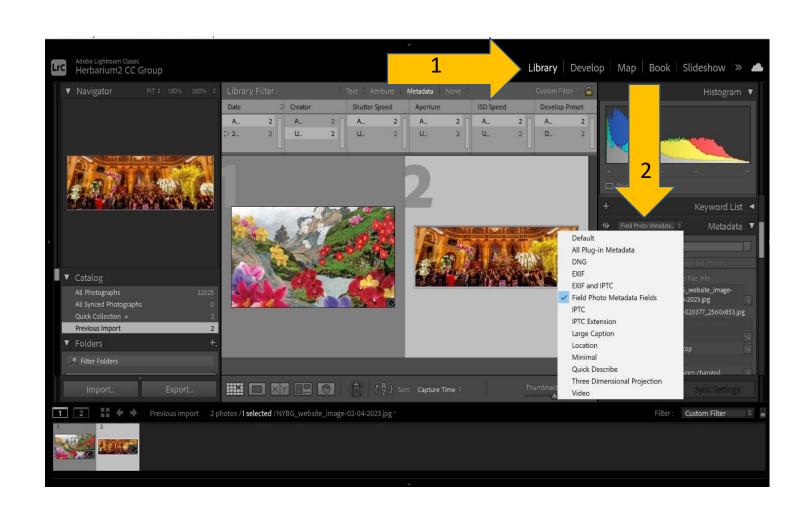
Step 3: Insert the file: Field_Photo_Metadata_Template.Irtemplate COPY/PASTE the file into your new "Metadata Field Lists" folder.



Step 4: Open (or restart, if already open) Lightroom, and select template.

In the Library module (1) navigate to the drop-down list at the top of the Metadata panel (2).

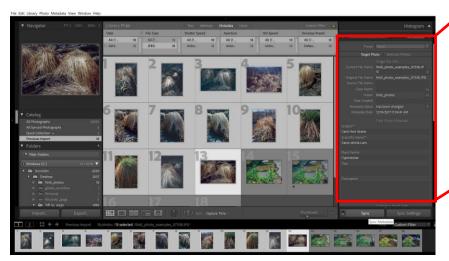
Select "Field Photo Metadata Fields" from the drop-down list.

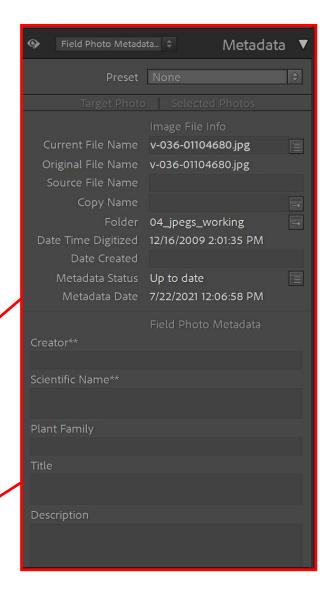


The following slides contain screenshots of all metadata fields that are required (**) and recommended for ingesting field photos into EMu.

Images without metadata populated in the required fields will not be ingested into EMu.

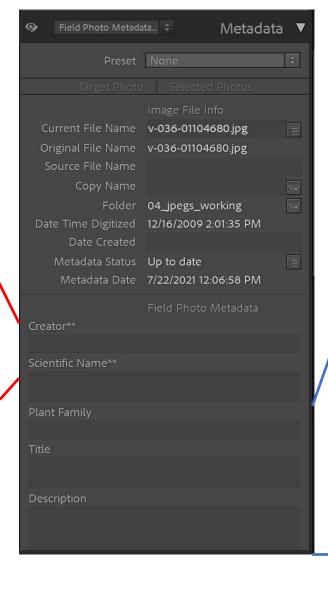
It is strongly encouraged that you populate metadata in the recommended fields, whenever possible. This will greatly improve the findability of your images on the Virtual Herbarium and within EMu.





REQUIRED**

Creator**	Full name of person/organization responsible for creating the media resource (i.e. the photographer).
Scientific Name**	Full scientific name (genus species author) of species photographed



Recommended

/	Plant Family	Family name of species photographed.
	Title	Concise title, name, or brief descriptive label of the individual resource. Do not recommend using Scientific Name, as this may change over time. Example: Fabián Michelangeli 1587
	Description	(= Caption) An account or description of the content of the resource, written as free-form text. Ideally will include the Who, What, Where, When, Why of the resource.

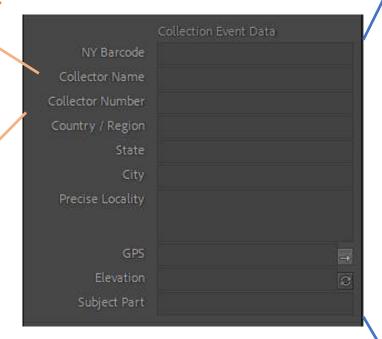
Recommended

REQUIRED IF: associated with a NY voucher

Collector
Name

Full name of the primary
collector who collected the
specimen in the photograph

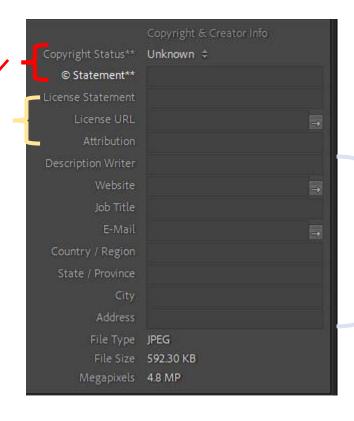
Collector
Number assigned to the
collection by the collector



NY Barcode	NY barcode number, if known
Country	Country in which the plant was growing when photographed.
State/Prov	State or province in which the plant was growing when photographed.
City	City in which the plant was growing when photographed
Precise Locality	Textual locality description (excluding country, state/prov, and city) where plant was growing when photographed
GPS	Latitude and Longitude coordinates where plant was growing when photographed.
Elevation	Elevation where plant was growing when photographed.
Subject Part	Portion of the organism or environment shown or particularly well illustrated. Not a formally controlled vocabulary. Please see "Subject Part Keywords" for a list of current terms in EMu. You may add additional keywords if needed.

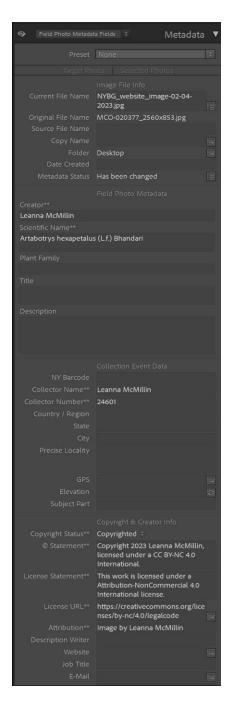
REQUIRED**

Copyright Status**	You must select "Copyrighted" or "Public Domain." Images for which the copyright status is "Unknown" will not be ingested into EMu.
© Statement (Copyright Statement) **	Copyright statements must follow this format: "Copyright Year Name" If desired, you may add the phrase "All rights reserved."
License Statement	REQUIRED IF: using a Creative Commons license.
License URL	REQUIRED IF: using a Creative Commons license.
Attribution	REQUIRED IF: using a Creative Commons license. This tells users how an image should be attributed.



Recommended/Optional

Description Writer	Name of the person responsible for writing the image description and metadata (recommended)
Website	Website for the person that created the image
Job Title	Job title for the person listed in the creator field
E-mail	E-mail address for the person that created the image
Country/Region	Country for the person that created the image
State/Province	State for the person that created the image
City	City for the person that created the image
Address	Address for the person that created the image

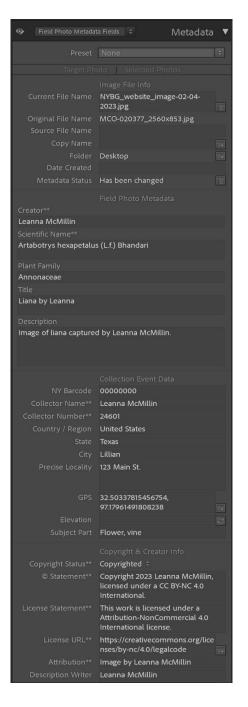


Minimal metadata example

Creator, Scientific Name,

Collector, Collector Number,

Copyright status, Copyright Statement (License statement, License URL and Attribution statement required for Creative Commons License)



Expanded metadata example

Creator, Scientific Name, Plant Family, Title, Description

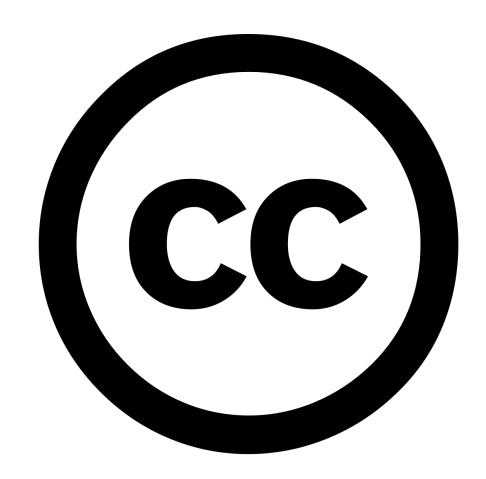
NY Barcode, Collector Name, Collector Number, Locality information, Subject part keywords

Copyright/License metadata + Description Writer

A note about Copyright and Creative Commons

The images you provide for ingestion into EMu will be featured on the <u>Virtual Herbarium</u> and available via the <u>Image Search</u> <u>Tool</u>.

It is strongly encouraged that you publish your images using a Creative Commons (CC) license. These licenses are widely recognized and provide creators a standardized way to share their work while ensuring proper attribution. There are many CC licenses to choose from; the Creative Commons website features a quick and easy tool for determining which license is best for you.



A note about Copyright and Creative Commons

- Example: NYBG specimen images are published under a CC BY Attribution 4.0 International license, allowing users to freely use the image however they please, as long as they attribute the image to NYBG.
- Using an NYBG Specimen image as an example, the metadata in the "Copyright & Creator Info" panel in Lightroom
 would look like this:



Copyright status = Copyrighted Copyright statement follows the "Copyright Year Name" format, followed by the phrase "licensed under [INSERT CC SHORTHAND NAME]." List of shorthand names along with license descriptions. This section should read "This work is licensed under a Creative Commons [INSERT LICENSE NAME] License" The URL describing the legal code of the license, found on the CC website for each license. The attribution statement stipulates how users should attribute the image.

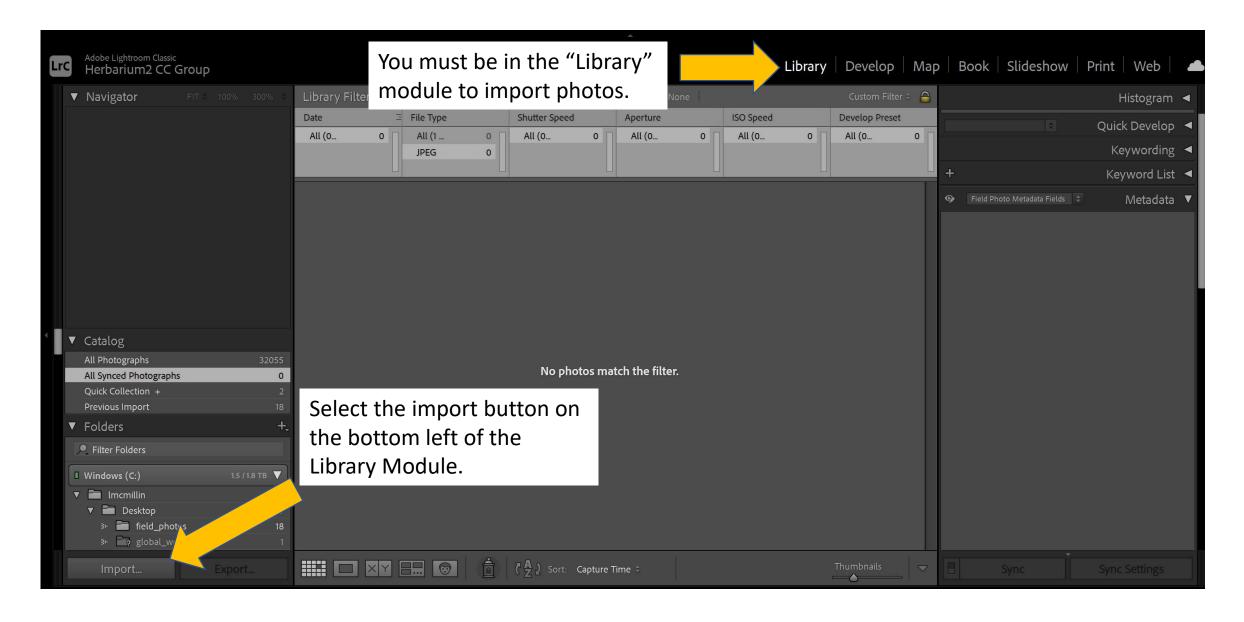
A note about Copyright and Creative Commons

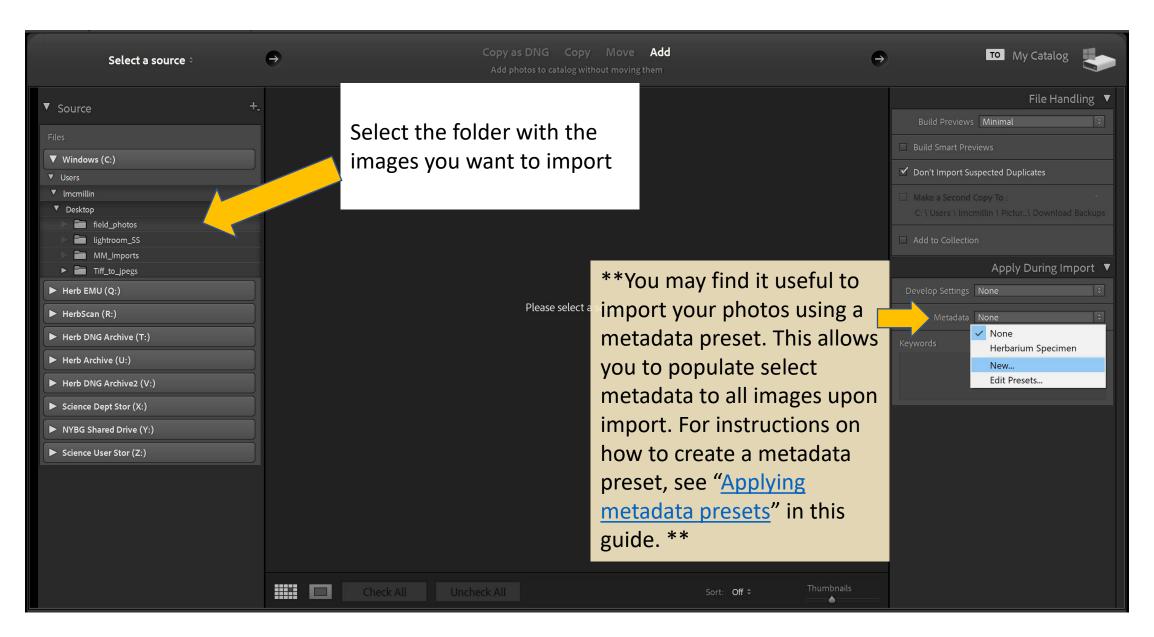
- You may choose to limit the use of your images, i.e. by allowing adaptations but not commercial use. All license options are clearly defined and explained on the <u>Creative Commons website</u>, including a list of <u>frequently asked questions</u>.
- Please reach out to the Digital Asset Manager (<u>lfeder@nybg.org</u>) if you have additional questions about these licenses, the proper format for your metadata, or how your images will be used on the Virtual Herbarium.

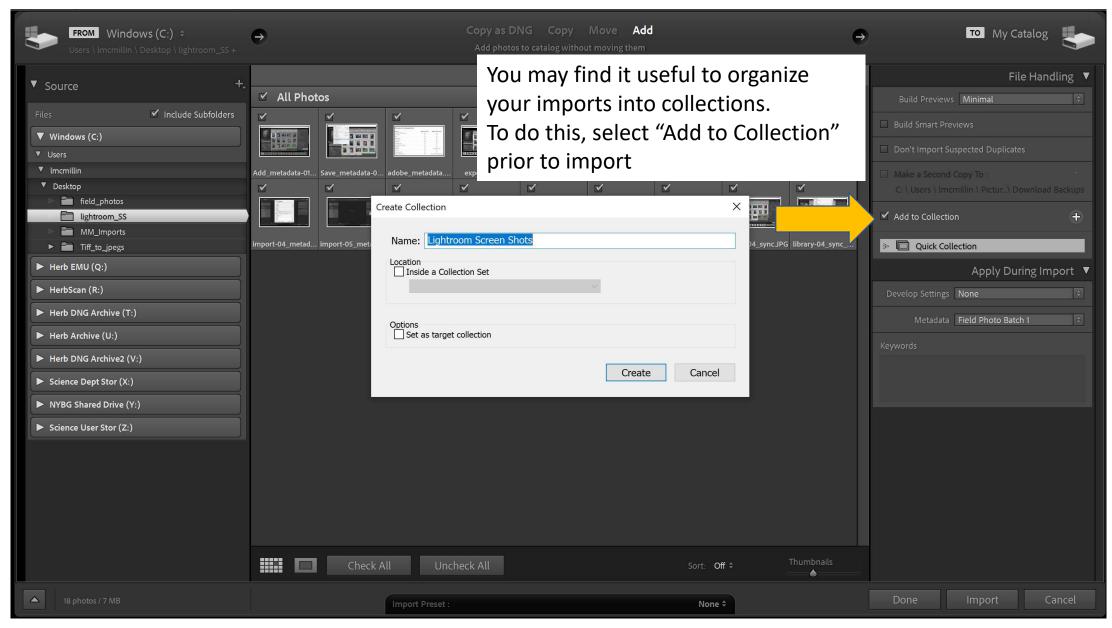


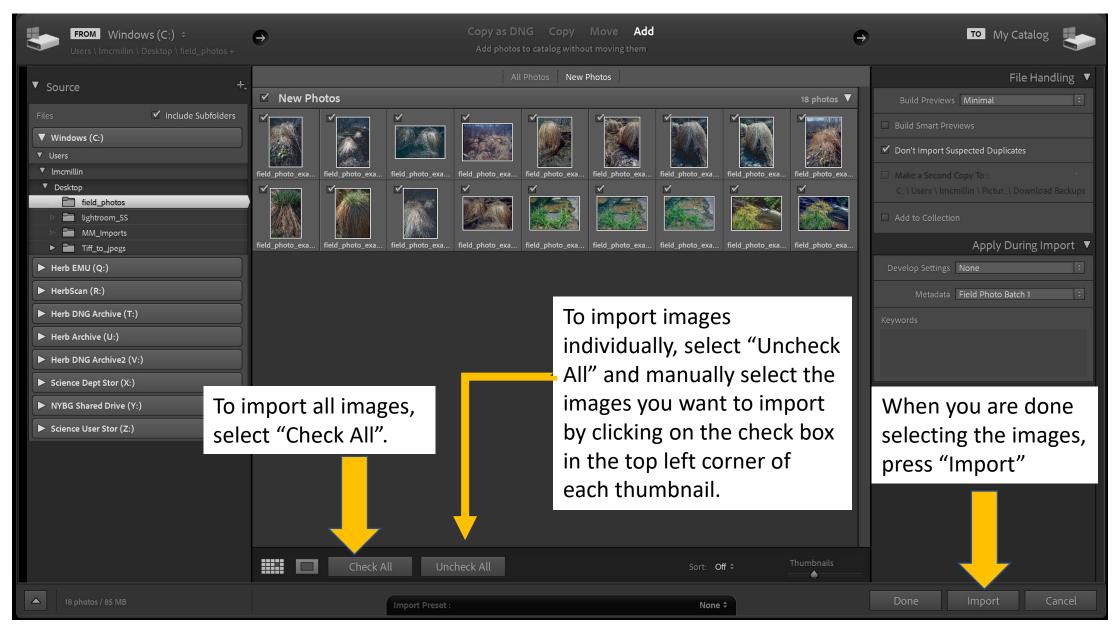
Field photograph of K. S. Gonçalves 439.

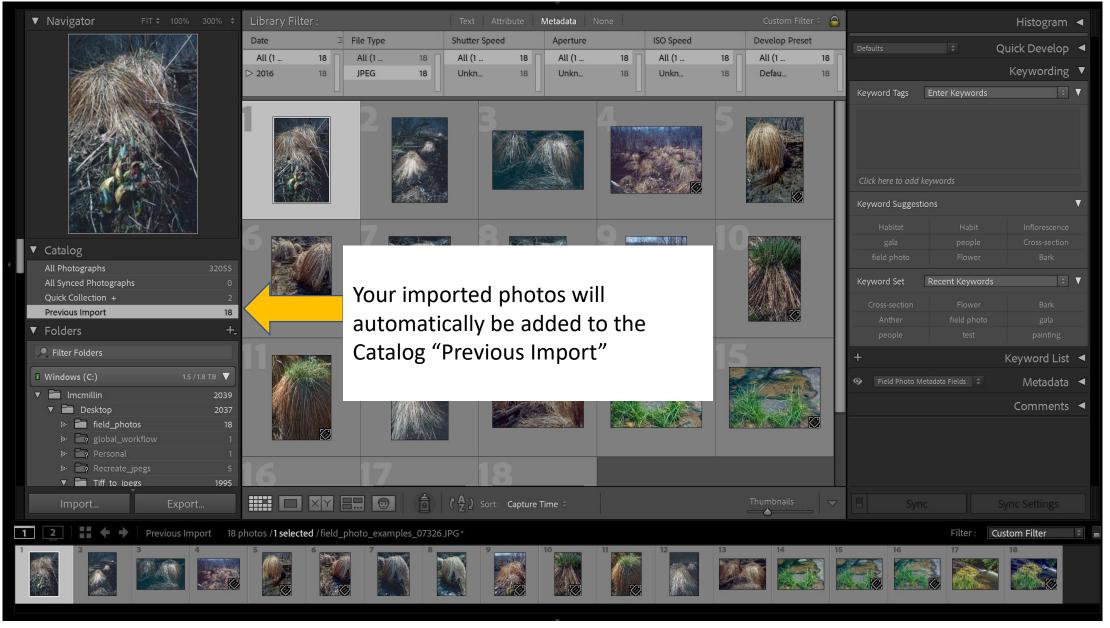
Copyright 2020 Douglas C. Daly, licensed under CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 (International).

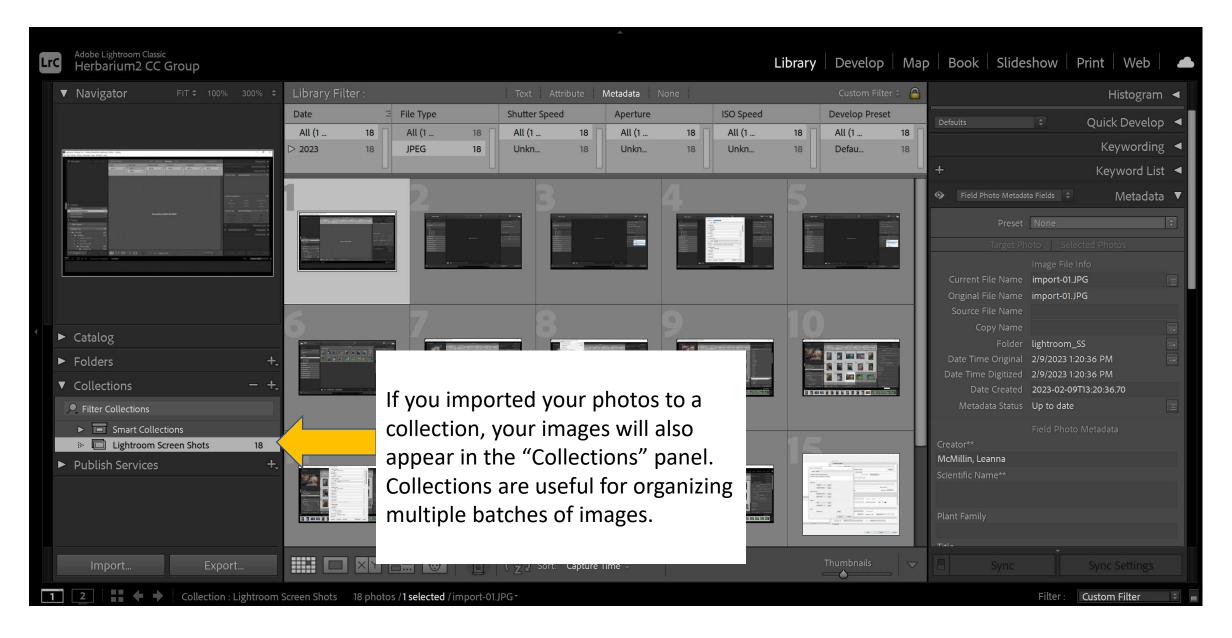




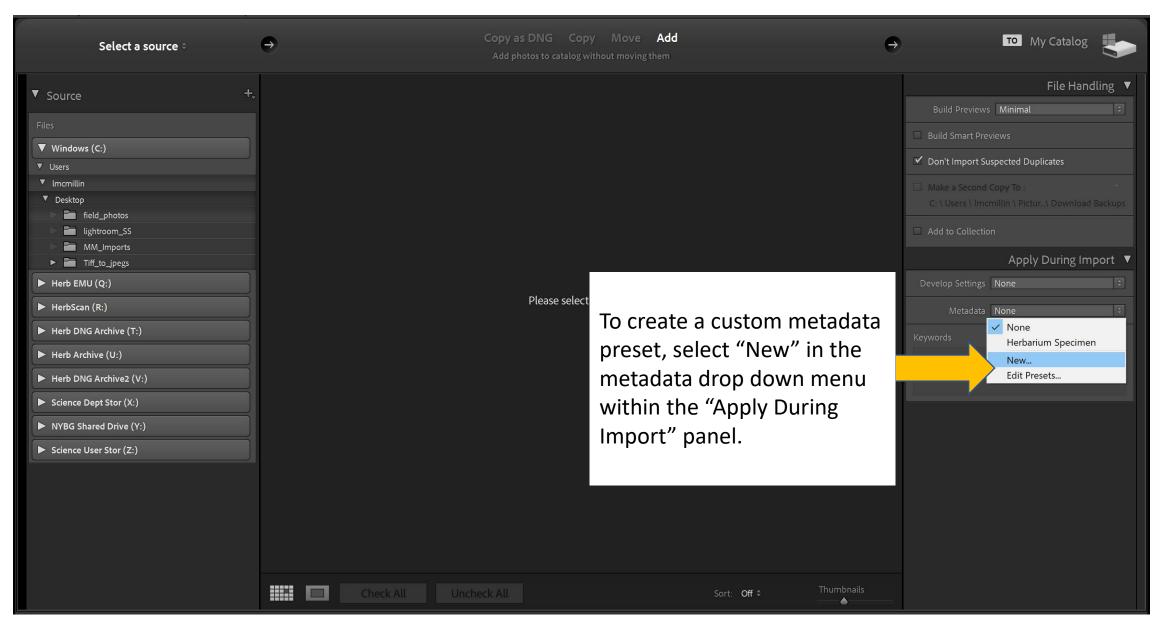




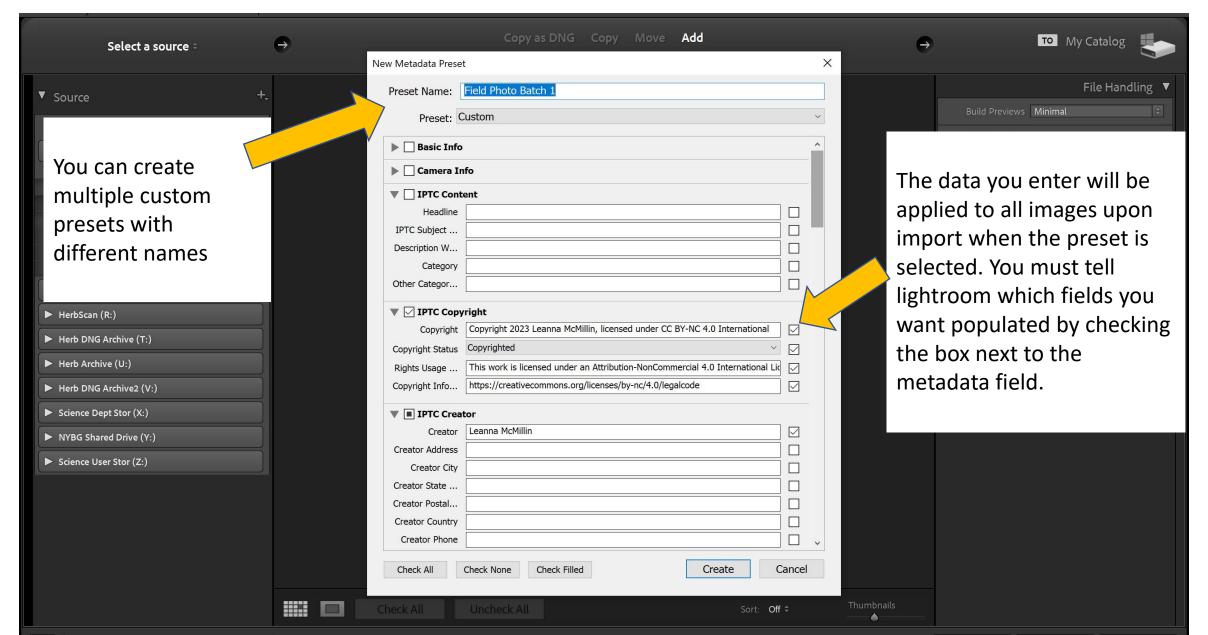




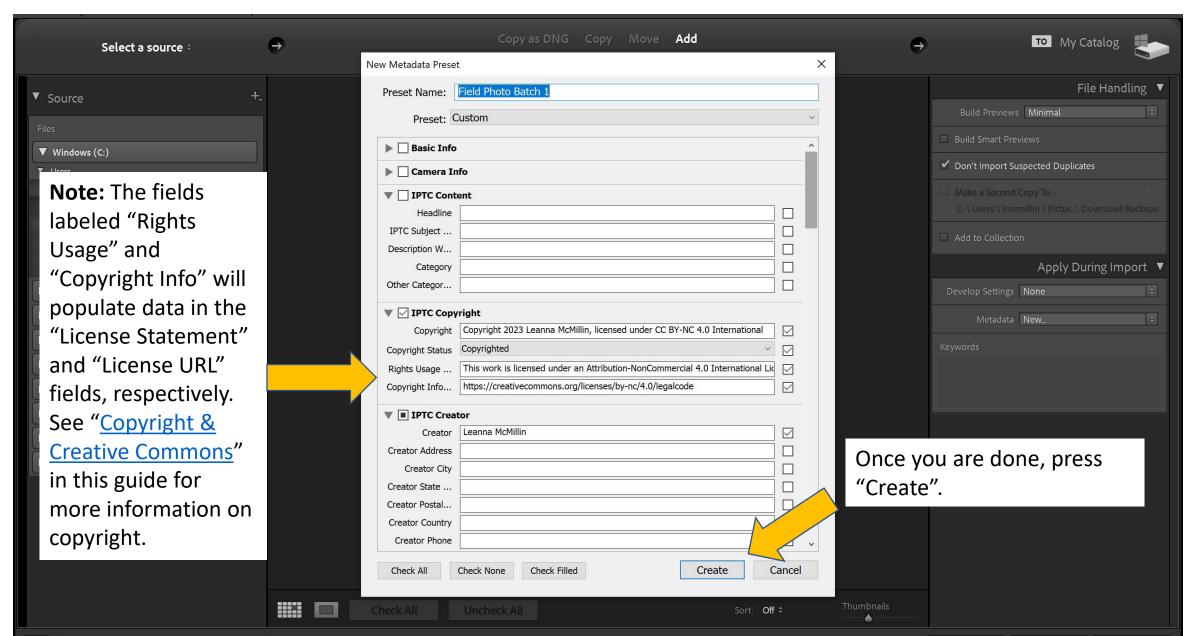
Applying Metadata presets



Applying Metadata presets



Applying Metadata presets



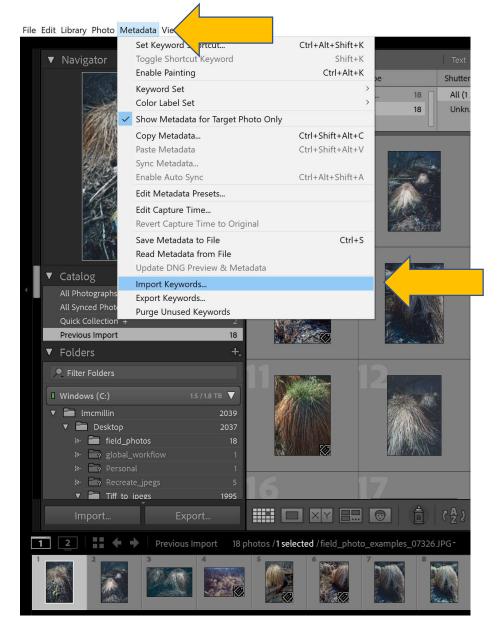
Adding Preselected EMu Keywords to LrC



Keywords are useful for organizing your images in Lightroom and improving the findability of your images in EMu and on the VH.

Multimedia Keywords are not a formally controlled vocabulary. You may choose to insert a list of common plant-related keywords already in use in EMu, or use your own keywords.

Adding Preselected EMu Keywords to LrC



To import a list of helpful keywords already in use in EMu, select "Import Keywords" under the Metadata menu at the top left of the Lightroom program.

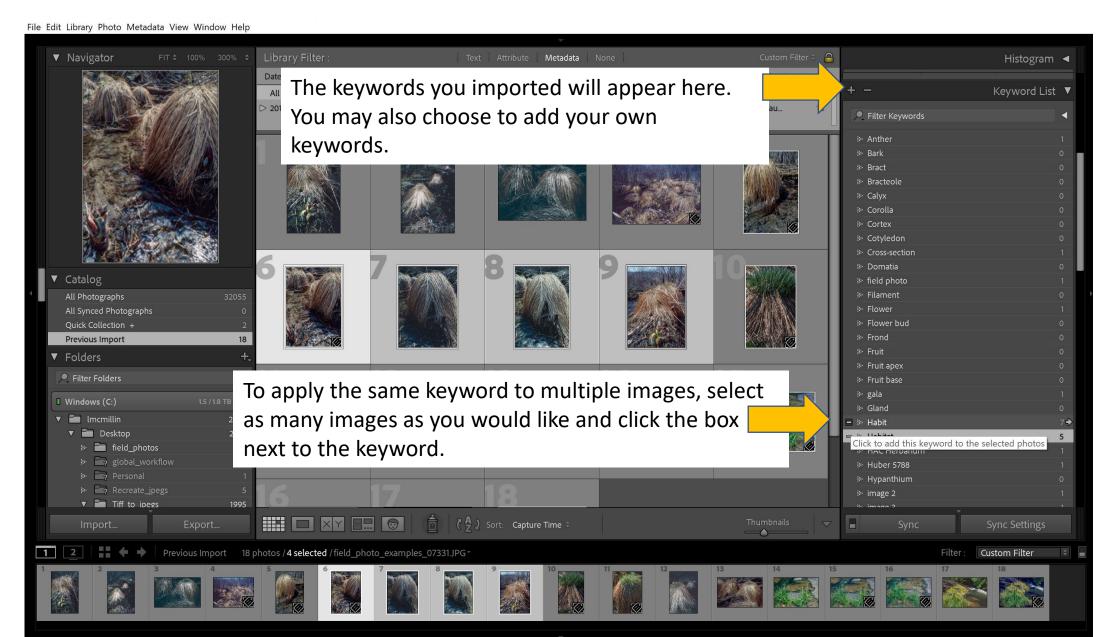
Import the file: "Field_photo_keywords.txt"

NYBG users can locate the file on the Pub drive, all other users contact the Digital Asset Manager (lfeder@nybg.org)

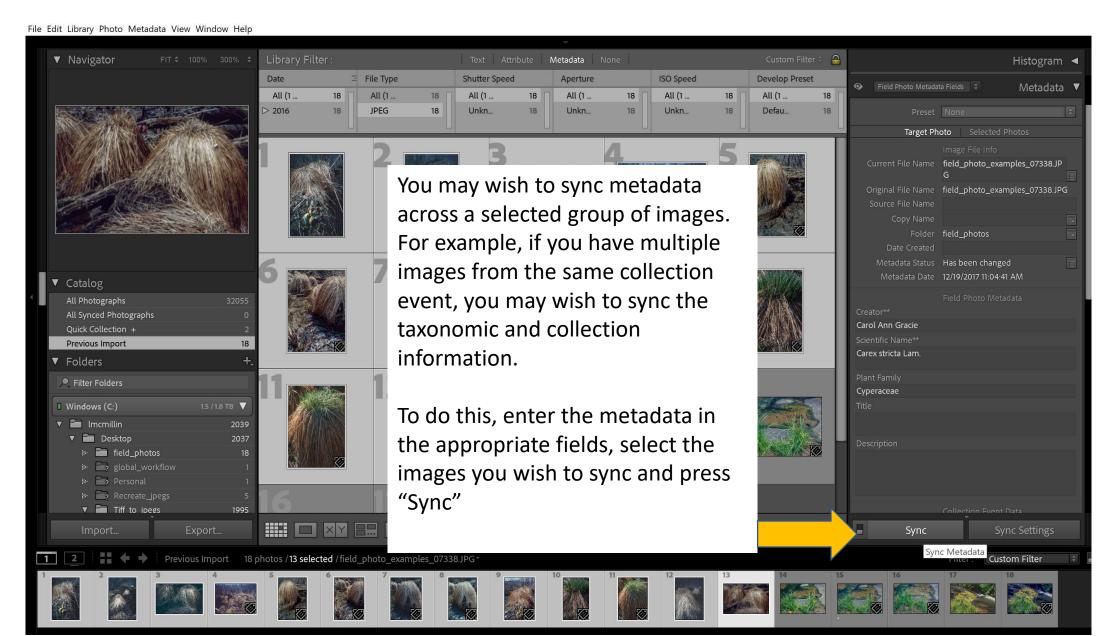
"X:\Pub\Herbarium\Digital_asset_management\Field_photos\LIGHTROOM\Field_photo_keywords.txt"

Keywords are very useful for end users searching for your images in EMu or via the Image Search Tool!

Adding Preselected EMu Keywords to LrC



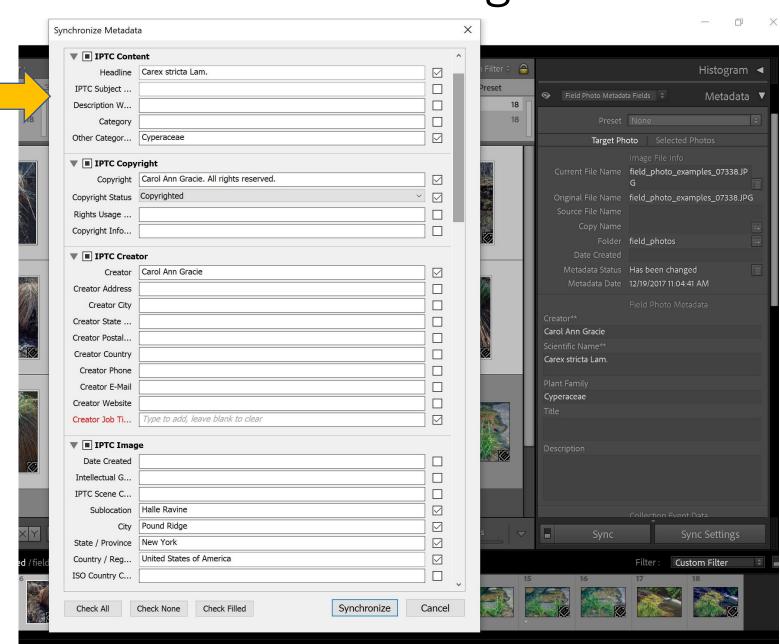
Syncing metadata across images



Syncing metadata across images

Similar to the metadata template you created during your import, you will enter metadata into the relevant fields and check the box next to the fields you want to sync across the selected images.

NOTE: The fields "Headline" and "Other Categories" will populate data in the "Scientific Name" and "Plant Family" fields, respectively.



More Tips on Using the Library Module

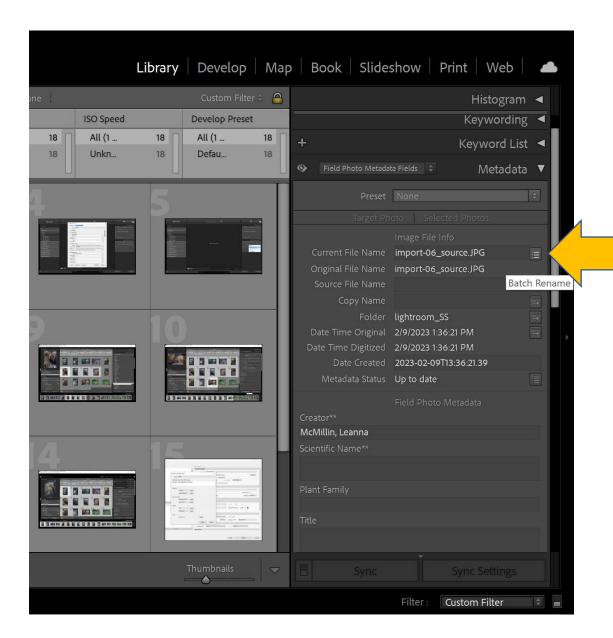
Lightroom Classic is a powerful tool for organizing your images.

To learn about the many features of the Library module, as well as the different viewing options, see Adobe's tutorial:

Library module basic workflow



Original watercolor of Nopalea cochenillifera by Frances W. Horne for Flora Borinqueña

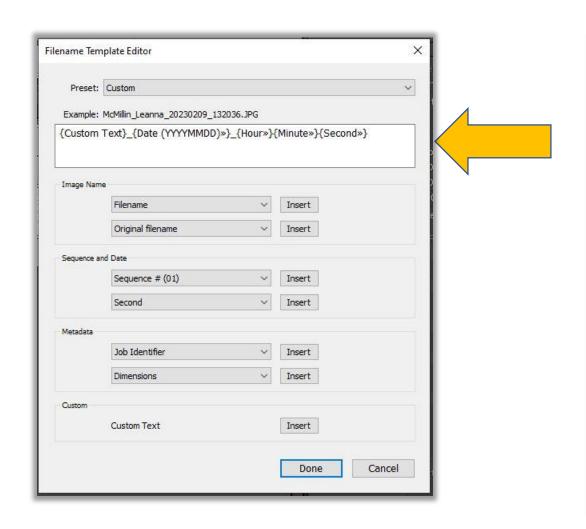


Lightroom allows for quick and easy batch renaming of your files. To customize a file naming template, click on the box next to the "Current File Name" field.

Image file names must be unique for EMu import.

See "NYBG_VH_file_naming_standards", located on the Pub drive, for detailed information on file naming requirements in EMu. Non-NYBG users contact the Digital Asset Manager (Ifeder@nybg.org).

X:\Pub\Herbarium\Digital_asset_management\Field_photos\LIGHTROOM\NYBG_VH_file_naming_metadat a_standards_20190324.pdf



You can use the Filename Template Editor to create file names from embedded metadata or custom text.

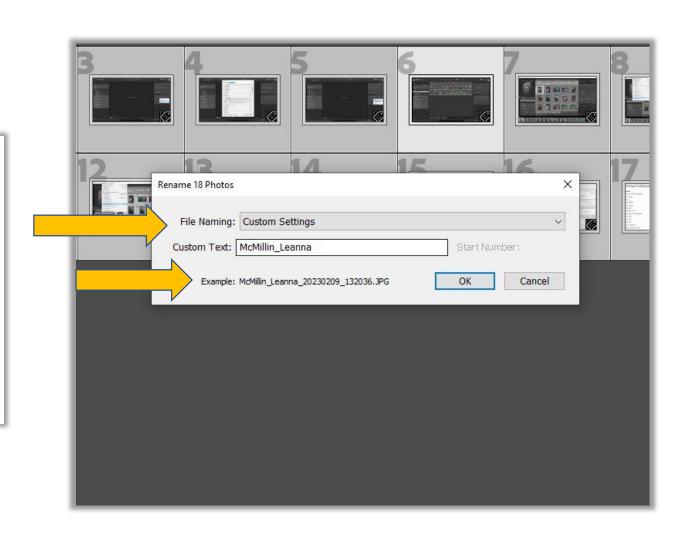
This is an example of a template that will likely result in unique names and could be applied to large batches of images:

Name_Date(YYYYMMDD)_HHMMSS

Where "Name" is either the name of the image creator or collector, followed by the date and time the image was created. In the example shown, the "Custom Text" is where you will enter the name, the rest of the information will auto populate.

The "Custom Text" will be the same for each image, followed by the metadata options you selected. You will see an example of the file name displayed.

Other custom text string examples include project identifiers (ex: NSF_24601) or information about the image such as "SEM" or "micrograph"



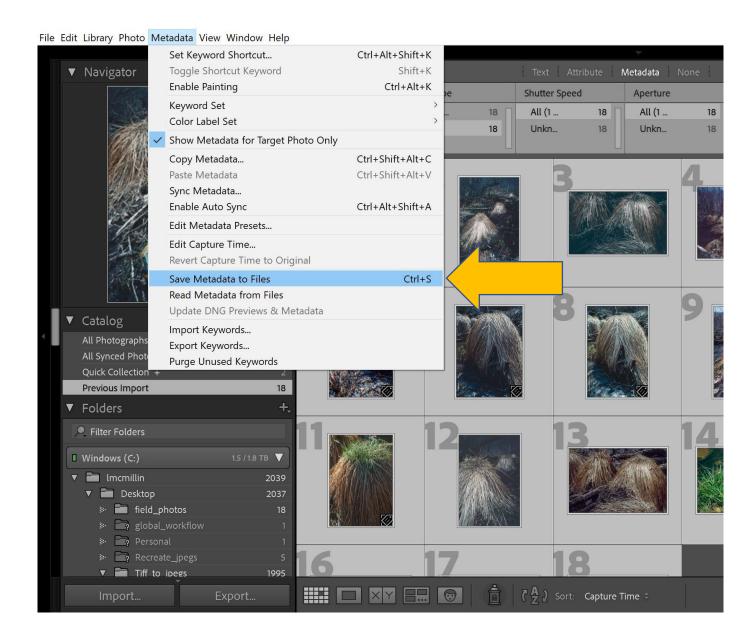
Remember:

- Use only: Letters a-z, 0-9, hyphen or underscore
 No spaces, punctuation, symbols, or accents
- Less than 35 characters
- Dates must follow ISO 8601 standard (ex: YYYYMMDD or YYYY_MM_DD)
- If using suffixes, always use leading zeros (-01 or -001)
- Avoid using taxonomic names in the file name. If the associated voucher is reidentified the file name visible on the VH will no longer match the current name.

Note that your file naming convention will have an effect on how easily you will be able to batch rename your files.

For example, the Collector_CollectorNumber-suffix format will only allow you to batch rename a handful of images at a time — or possibly only one at a time — depending on how many images were captured per collection number.

Saving metadata to your image files



When you are done adding metadata to your images, it is critical that you save this data to the image files.

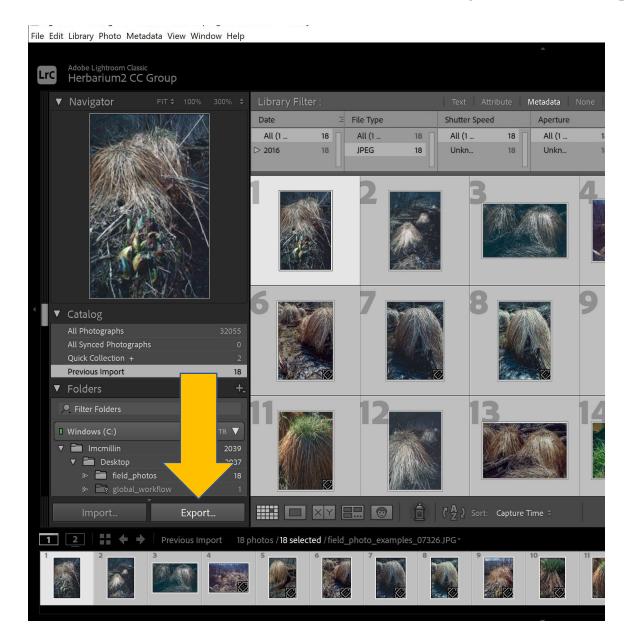
To ensure this, select all images and navigate to "Save Metadata to Files" under the Metadata menu at the top left of the program. Or, select all images and press Ctrl+S

Editing Images in the Develop Module

- Lightroom is a non-destructive editing software. This means you can apply edits
 to your images without making changes to the original file.
- The Develop module allows you to make edits such as cropping, color correction, and much more. These edits will be applied to the derivative files you export (see "Exporting Photos" in this guide). To learn more about the Develop module see Adobe's tutorial:

Edit Photos in the Develop Module

Exporting photos



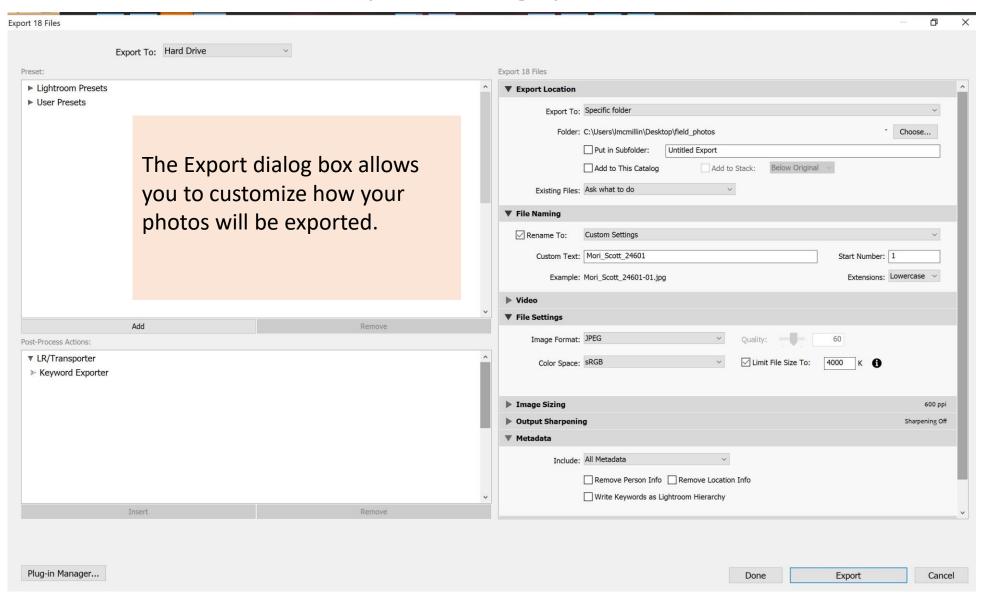
If you've saved metadata to your image files, have not made other edits in LrC, and your files are formatted as jpegs, there is no need to export the images.

If you have made edits to your photos (cropping, color balance, exposure etc.) you must export the images for these edits to be saved. Lightroom is a non-destructive editing software which means it does not make changes to the original files.

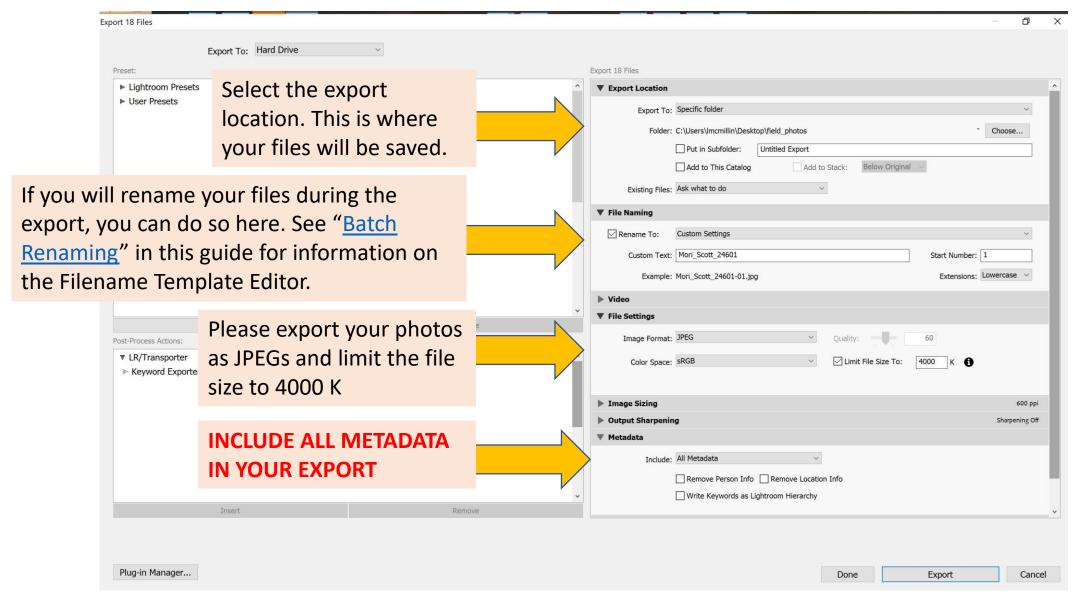
Although EMu can accommodate multiple types of image files, we request that you export your photos as JPEGs. This file format is best for web viewing. If you do not export your images as JPEGs, the Digital Asset Manager will convert them to JPEGs prior to EMu import.

The Export button is in the Library Module

Exporting photos



Exporting photos



Options for Delivering Images

Once you are finished applying the required metadata to your images, you can send your images to the herbarium Digital Asset Manager.

If you are an NYBG employee: You can save your images to the Pub drive in the following location:

"X:\Pub\Herbarium\Digital_asset_management\Field_photos \Photos for EMu"

Please use this file naming format for your folder: LastName_YYYY-MM-DD_#OfImages (example: McMillin_2023-02-09_1000)

You may also save the images to an external drive and drop them off in the Herbarium Information Management office (directly across from Room 402, near the Imaging Lab). Please email lfeder@nybg.org to coordinate a drop off time, or to alert her to images you've saved on the Pub drive.

All other users: Please discuss with the Digital Asset Manager the best option for transferring your files.

The William and Lynda Steere Herbarium thanks you for your contributions to our Virtual Herbarium!